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CCOP TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT
BANGKOK, THAILAND

SOUTHEAST ASIA

EAST ASIA GEOGRAPHIC MAP SERIES
SHEET 3

The East Asia Geographic Map Series has been prepared by the U. S. Geological Survey (USGS) as a contribution to cooperative programs with the Coordinating Committee for Coastal and Offshore Geoscience Programmes in East and Southeast Asia (CCOP). Maps in this series are for use in the compilation and display of geoscience, resource, and environmental information in East Asia, including the results of activities carried out under the Agreement for Cooperation between CCOP and the Circum-Pacific Council for Energy and Mineral Resources (CPCEMR). Michel T. Halbouty, Founder. Funds for printing the map series were provided by CPCEMR, particularly using a gift from Chevron Overseas Petroleum Inc. Copies of published maps are available from:

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Denver, CO 80225, USA

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110/2 Sathorn Nua Road
Bangkok 10500, Thailand

MAP COMPILATION

This map was produced by the U.S. Geological Survey. Coastlines, islands, lakes, rivers, and reefs were computer plotted from World Data Bank II. Graticule was generated using the CIA (Cartographic Automatic Mapping) program. Topographic and bathymetric contours were transposed manually from source maps. Geographic names are as recommended by the U.S. Board on Geographic Names. Rejected forms of Romanized spelling are omitted. City symbols and names in heavily populated areas are omitted where density of detail does not permit their inclusion. Names and boundaries on the map must not be considered authoritative. Compilation was by R.P. Ball from the following:

SOURCE OF TOPOGRAPHY

Main Administration of Geodesy and Cartography, Council of Ministers, USSR, 1971-1975, Karta Mira – World Map, scale 1:2,500,000

SOURCES OF NAMES OF PHYSICAL FEATURES

American Geographical Society, 1962-1968, World Series 1106, Army Map Service, scale 1:5,000,000

J. Bartholomew and Son, 1980, The Times Atlas of the World, 6th edition

Central Intelligence Agency, 1979, China, scale 1:5,000,000

Central Intelligence Agency, 1982, Southeast Asia, scale 1:2,000,000

International Map of the World, 1963-1967, World Series 1301, Army Map Service, scale 1:1,000,000

Main Administration of Geodesy and Cartography, Council of Ministers, USSR, 1971-1975, Karta Mira – World Map, scale 1:2,500,000

U.S. Defense Mapping Agency, 1973-1980, Operational Navigation Charts, scale 1:1,000,000

SOURCE OF CITY NAMES AND POPULATION

Rand McNally, 1986, The New International Atlas

SOURCES OF BATHYMETRY

A. Nammalvar, J., Fisher, R.L., Emmel, F.J., and Smith, S.M., 1976, Bathymetry of the Gulf and Southeast Asian Seas, Temple Institution of Oceanography, scale 1:5,000,000, published at 1:6,662,246

B. Curray, J.R. and Emmel, F.J., 1980, unpublished manuscript, Temple Institution of Oceanography, scale 1:5,000,000

SCALE 1:7,500,000

LAMBERT AZIMUTHAL EQUAL AREA PROJECTION
PROJECT CENTER 15°N, 115°E

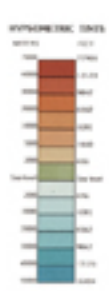
GLOSSARY

An	headland	Ko	islet, reef	Qn	canal, river
Banjaran	peninsula	Kang	river	Qundao	islands
Bukit	mountain	Kap	cape, point	Qundao	island group
Bukit	river, lake, canal	Kauh	island	Saghalien	mountain range
Cerro	mountain	Khao	mountain	Sha	island
Chi	lake	Khlong	river, canal, lake	Shan	mountain(s), island
Chiao	cape, point	Ko	island	Shui	river
Chuin tao	islands	Kyun	island	Shuiku	reservoir
Chuin tao	island	Luan	point	Song	river
Co, kao	island	Luandao	islands	Stoeng	river, lake
Dang	mountain	Ling	mountain(s)	Tao	island
Dao	island	Mae	river	Tarang	mountain(s)
Dataung	mountain(s)	Mae nam	river	Taunggyi	mountain range
Dong	mountain	Mo	bay	Thio Khao	mountain range
Tang	mountain	Mu	cape, point	Tonle	river, lake
Cang	bay	Nam	river	Wan	bay, gulf
Doi	cape	Ngao	mountain	Xi	river
Hai	gulf, sea, sound, lake	Nguan	river	Xi	river
Hamee	desert	Nui	mountain(s)	Xia	gorge
He	river	Pur	lake	Yak	mountain
Hka	river	Phnom	mountain(s)	Yama	mountain
He	river	Phnum	mountain(s)	Yu	island
Hon	island	Phu	mountain(s)	Yuchia	canal
Hu	river	Pi	cape, point		

MAP SYMBOLS

- International boundary
- International boundary, disputed or indefinite
- Topographic contour
- Spot elevation
- Bathymetric contours
- Urban area
- DHAKA ● City, 1,000,000 or more
- Kunlun ● City, 250,000 - 1,000,000
- Hue ● City, 100,000 - 250,000
- Yok-t ● City, 25,000 - 100,000

HYPSOMETRIC TINTS



Basic contour interval is 500 meters. Topographic contour interval above 3000 meters is 1000 meters. Alps shown are 200 meter contours. Supplemental 100 meter topography and 50, 40, and 100 meter bathymetric contours are shown where appropriate.

INDEX TO ADJOINING SHEETS

Since one projection covers all 9 sheets of the map, they may be joined together to form any desired size.

1. Japan, Korea, Northeast China
2. Southeast China
3. Southeast Asia
4. Philippines
5. Malaysia, Indonesia (West)
6. Indonesia (East)
7. Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands
8. Western Pacific Islands

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